



Before we start

We do **record** our workshops.

Do not worry, only the **screen** will be recorded along with the **sound**.

This means that if you ask a question, your voice will be recorded.

Do let us know if you would like this to be **edited out**.



The Academic Achievement Team

We're here to help ALL students to become confident, independent learners.



Our Learning Skills
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Aims of the session

By the end of this session, you should be able to:

- Understand the purpose of reflective writing
- Understand the steps involved when writing reflectively

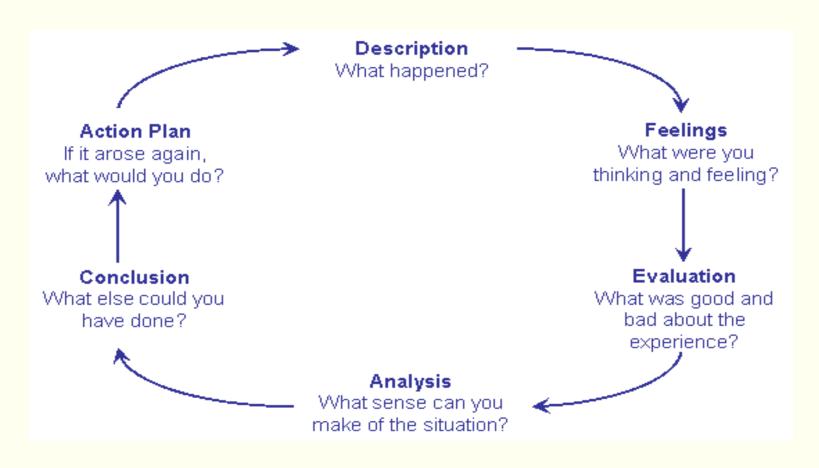


Why reflect?

'It is not sufficient simply to have an experience in order to learn. Without reflecting upon this experience it may quickly be forgotten, or its learning potential lost. It is from the feelings and thoughts emerging from this reflection that generalisations or concepts can be generated. And it is generalisations that allow new situations to be tackled effectively.' (Gibbs, 1988: 14)



Gibbs' reflective cycle





What is reflective writing?

Reflective writing is evidence of reflective *thinking*. It usually involves:

- Looking back at something (often an event, but also an idea or object)
- Analysing the event or idea (thinking in depth and from different perspectives, and trying to explain, often with reference to a model or theory
- Thinking carefully about what the event or idea means for you and your ongoing progress as a learner and/or practising professional



Free or structured?

- · Reflective thinking can be free, and still be very useful
- Reflective writing, too, can be unstructured- for example, in a personal diary
- In assignments, however, tutors normally expect to see carefully-structured writing!



A possible structure for reflective writing

- Description What happened? What is being examined? Keep this brief!
- Interpretation What is important about this experience? How can it be explained with theory? How is it similar to and different from others?
- Outcome What have I learned? What might I have done differently? What does this mean for my future?

Activity

Read the hand-out (an example of basic reflective writing)

 Identify sections of the text according to 'description', 'interpretation' and 'outcome'

Example of basic reflective writing

Specific tasks were shared out amongst members of my team. Initially, however, the tasks were not seen as equally difficult by all team members. Cooperation between group members was at risk because of this perception of unfairness. Social interdependence theory recognises a type of group interaction called 'positive interdependence', meaning cooperation (Johnson & Johnson, 1993, cited by Maughan & Webb, 2001), and many studies have demonstrated that 'cooperative learning experiences encourage higher achievement' (Maughan & Webb, 2001). Ultimately, our group achieved a successful outcome, but to improve the process, we perhaps needed a leader to help encourage cooperation when tasks were being shared out. In future group work, on the course and at work, I would probably suggest this.

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Maughan, C., & Webb, J. (2001). Small group learning and assessment. Cited in Hampton, M (2010), Written assignments: Reflective writing: a basic introduction. Available at: http://www.port.ac.uk/media/contacts-and-departments/student-support-services/ask/downloads/Reflective-writing---a-basic-introduction.pdf (Accessed 08/03/18)



Questions?

Thank you. Any questions?



Academic Achievement Team

You can find us in just four clicks:

Moodle → My Modules → Support Sites → Learning Skills Hub

Or email: AATeam@Roehampton.ac.uk